

**Amendments to the Claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Previously Presented) An isolated prion-binding peptide ligand, wherein the ligand is capable of binding to a peptide having the amino acid sequence RYPGQ (SEQ ID NO:1); and wherein the ligand is a peptide having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:5-13.

2. (Cancelled)

3. (Original) The ligand of claim 1, wherein the ligand has a molecular weight of less than approximately 6 kDa.

4-12. (Cancelled)

13. (Previously Presented) An isolated prion-binding ligand, wherein the ligand is capable of binding to a native form of prion protein (PrP<sup>c</sup>) and is a peptide having an amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 116.

14. (Previously Presented) The ligand of claim 13, wherein the ligand is capable of binding to a native prion protein that infects humans (huPrP<sup>c</sup>).

15-19. (Cancelled)

20. (Withdrawn—Previously Presented) A method of detecting a prion protein in a sample, comprising:

contacting the sample with a ligand according to claim 1 under conditions sufficient to cause formation of a complex between the prion protein and the ligand; and detecting the complex in the sample.

21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 20 wherein the sample is a biological sample.

22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 21 wherein the biological sample is selected from the group consisting of whole blood, white cells, mononuclear cells, platelet concentrates, blood, plasma, serum, cerebrospinal fluid, urine, saliva, milk, ductal fluid, tears, semen, feces, tonsils, lymph nodes, collagen, brain extracts and gland extracts.

23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 21 wherein the ligand is attached to a solid support prior to contacting the sample.

24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23 wherein the solid support is selected from the group consisting of membranes and resins.

25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23 wherein the solid support is a resin selected from the group consisting of polymethacrylate, agarose, sepharose, cross-linked agarose, composite cross-linked polysaccharides, celite, polyvinyl D, fluoride acrylate, polystyrene and cellulose.

26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23 wherein the solid support is polymethacrylate resin.

27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23 wherein the solid support is a membrane selected from the group consisting of nylon and cellulose.

28. (Withdrawn—Previously Presented) A method of removing a prion protein from a sample, comprising:

contacting the sample with a ligand according to claim 1 capable of binding to one or more peptides or polypeptides derived from a prion protein selected from the group consisting of PrPc, PrPsc and PrPr, under conditions sufficient to cause formation of a complex between the prion protein and the ligand; and  
removing the complex from the sample.

29. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28 wherein the sample is a biological sample.

30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28 wherein the biological sample is selected from the group consisting of whole blood, white cells, mononuclear cells, platelet concentrates, blood, plasma, serum, cerebrospinal fluid, urine, saliva, milk, ductal fluid, tears, semen, feces, tonsils, lymph nodes, collagen, brain extracts and gland extracts.

31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28 wherein the ligand is attached to a solid support prior to contacting the sample.

32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28 wherein the solid support is selected from the group consisting of membranes and resins.

33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28 wherein the solid support is a resin selected from the group consisting of polymethacrylate, agarose, sepharose, cross-linked

agarose, composite cross-linked polysaccharides, celite, polyvinyl D, fluoride acrylate, polystyrene and cellulose.

34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28 wherein the solid support is polymethacrylate resin.

35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28 wherein the solid support is a membrane selected from the group consisting of nylon and cellulose.

36. (Previously Presented) A composition for binding prion proteins, comprising:

a ligand according to claim 1; and

a solid support, wherein the ligand is attached to the solid support.

37. (Original) The composition of claim 36 wherein the solid support is selected from the group consisting of membranes and resins.

38-39. (Cancelled)

40. (Withdrawn) A method of detecting a prion protein in a sample, comprising:

contacting the sample with a ligand according to claim 13 capable of binding to a native form of a prion protein under conditions sufficient to cause formation of a complex between the prion protein and the ligand; and

detecting the complex in the sample.

41. (Withdrawn) A method of removing a prion protein from a sample, comprising:

contacting the sample with a ligand according to claim 13 capable of binding to a native form of a prion protein under conditions sufficient to cause formation of a complex between the prion protein and the ligand; and

removing the complex from the sample.

42. (Previously Presented) A composition for binding prion proteins, comprising:

a ligand according to claim 13; and

a solid support, wherein the ligand is attached to the solid support.

43. (Withdrawn) A method of detecting a prion protein in a sample, comprising:

contacting the sample with a ligand according to claim 1 capable of binding to a native form of a prion protein under conditions sufficient to cause formation of a complex between the prion protein and the ligand; and

detecting the complex in the sample.

44. (Withdrawn) A method of removing a prion protein from a sample, comprising:

contacting the sample with a ligand according to claim 1 capable of binding to a native form of a prion protein under conditions sufficient to cause formation of a complex between the prion protein and the ligand; and

removing the complex from the sample.

45. (Cancelled)

46. (New) The ligand of claim 1, wherein the ligand consists of an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:5-13.

47. (New) The ligand of claim 13 wherein the ligand is a peptide consisting of SEQ ID NO:116.